

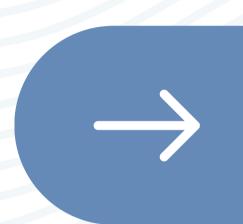


# HEXTELLO

**DAILY INFORMATION BULLETIN SERVICE** 

BLOOD SUPPLY OF THYROID GLAND







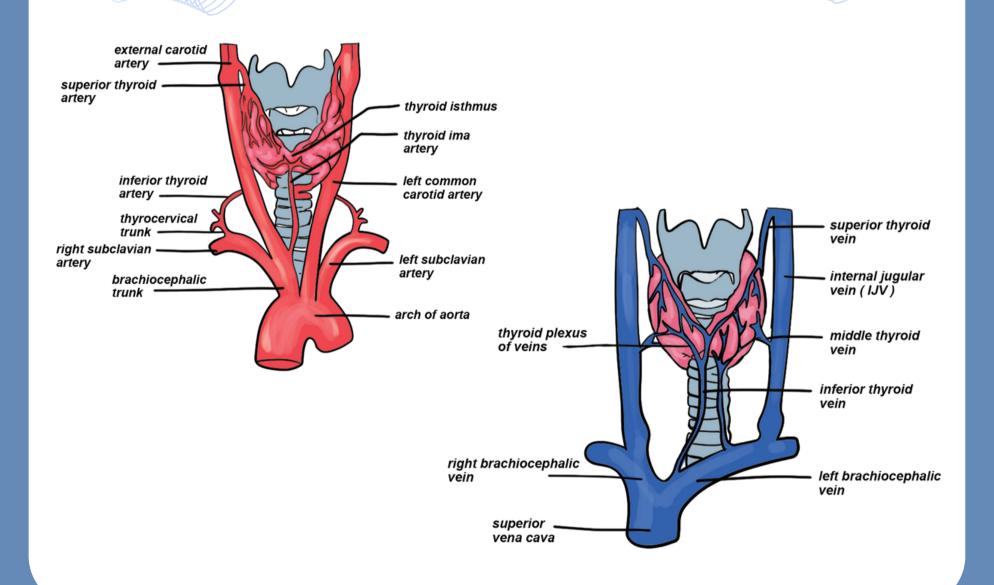
### **BLOOD SUPPLY OF THYROID GLAND**

The thyroid is an endocrine gland.

Its location is in the inferior, anterior neck, and it is responsible for the formation and secretion of the thyroid hormones as well as iodine homeostasis within the human body.

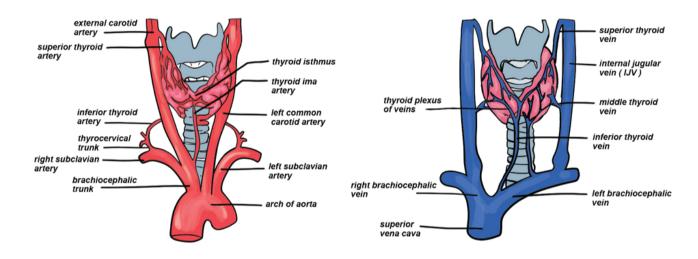


#### **BLOOD SUPPLY OF THE THYROID GLAND**





#### IMAGE DESCRIPTION



- Arterial sources include the superior thyroid artery, originating from the external carotid artery, and the inferior thyroid artery, arising from the thyrocervical trunk (a subclavian artery branch).
- A potential third artery, the thyroid ima artery, may emerge from the brachiocephalic trunk.
- Venous drainage is illustrated through the superior, middle, and inferior thyroid veins, forming a venous plexus around the thyroid gland.
- Anterior neck location, spanning C5-T1 vertebrae, with butterfly-shaped lobes and central isthmus.
- Embryonic descent forms thyroglossal duct; persistent duct can lead to cysts or fistulae.
- Closely associated with infrahyoid muscles, carotid sheath, larynx, trachea, and oesophagus.
- Supplied by superior thyroid artery (external carotid) and inferior thyroid artery (thyrocervical trunk).
- Venous drainage via superior, middle, and inferior thyroid veins; innervated by sympathetic trunk branches.





#### VENOUS DRAINAGE OF THE THYROID GLAND

Drains into tributaries of the internal jugular vein.

4th Vein of Kocher: If present, contributes to venous drainage.

Inferior Thyroid Vein: Empties into the brachiocephalic vein.

Internal Jugular Tributary: Superior and middle thyroid veins drain into this vessel.

**Brachiocephalic Tributary:** Inferior thyroid vein directly drains into the brachiocephalic vein.





#### ARTERIAL SUPPLY OF THE THYROID GLAND

**Superior Thyroid Artery:** Originates from the external carotid artery.

**Inferior Thyroid Artery:** Arises from the thyrocervical trunk, a part of the subclavian artery.

**Arteria Thyroid Ima:** Originates from the brachiocephalic trunk or the arch of the aorta. it is more frequently reported in the context of enlarged parathyroid glands (parathyroid adenomas).

**External Carotid Origin:** Superior thyroid artery arises from the external carotid artery.

**Subclavian Origin:** Inferior thyroid artery branches from the thyrocervical trunk, part of the subclavian artery.



## OVERVIEW OF THYROID VASCULAR SUPPLY AND DRAINAGE

**Dual Venous Drainage:** Superior thyroid veins drain into the internal jugular vein, while the inferior thyroid vein directly enters the brachiocephalic vein.

**Diverse Arterial Sources:** Superior thyroid artery from the external carotid artery, inferior thyroid artery from the thyrocervical trunk, and arteria thyroid ima from the brachiocephalic trunk or aortic arch.

**Crucial for Thyroid Function:** Ensures optimal blood supply and drainage for thyroid hormone production.

**Clinical Considerations:** Essential for thyroid surgeries and pathology assessment.

**Anatomical Variability:** The presence of the 4th Vein of Kocher and variations in arterial origins highlight individual differences.





#### **Question:**

Which artery originates from the external carotid artery and supplies the thyroid gland?

- A) Inferior Thyroid Artery
- B) Thyroid Ima Artery
- C) Superior Thyroid Artery
- D) Vertebral Artery

Answer: C) Superior Thyroid Artery

